

Brief information about the project

Name of the project	AP 26198219 Historical-legal research of regional features of detention of prisoners of war during the Second World War in the Kazakh SSR
Relevance	An interdisciplinary study of the history of prisoners of war and the phenomenon of forced imprisonment in the Kazakh SSR at the intersection of history and law will complement the regional history of Kazakh society during the Stalin era and allow for a comprehensive understanding of the consequences and outcomes of World War II.
Purpose	An interdisciplinary study of the history of prisoners of war during World War II in the Kazakh SSR and regional characteristics from a historical and legal point of view.
Objectives	1. Interpretation of scholarly positions on prisoners of war in various historical periods; 2. Identification of new archival materials on the treatment of prisoners of war and the organization of their camp life; 3. Identification of the contribution of prisoners of war to the economy of the Kazakh SSR; 4. Identification of the characteristics of the daily life and daily routine of prisoners of war in the camp system; 5. Study of the adaptation of prisoners of war to camp life and the adoption of Soviet doctrines; 6. Identification of statistical data on the number and composition of prisoners of war in the Kazakh SSR and the formation of a prosopographical image of a prisoner of war; 7. Analysis of the formation and development of the prisoner of war detention system in the Kazakh SSR. 8. Identify the methods and nature of the political and legal regulation of the detention and forced imprisonment (internment) of prisoners of war in the Kazakh SSR; 9. Study the methods of punishment and the organizational work of camps in the Kazakh SSR, as well as the nature of ideological education; 10. Disclose the specific mechanisms for resolving the issue of prisoner of war repatriation after 1991, as the Republic of Kazakhstan became a sovereign state.
Expected and achieved results	<i>Applied Results:</i> - At least two (2) articles and/or reviews in peer-reviewed scientific publications with an impact factor of quartiles 1 (first) and/or 2 (second) in the Web of Science database, indexed in the Social Science Citation Index, and/or with a CiteScore of at least the 50th (fifty) percentile in the Scopus database; - At least four (4) articles or reviews in peer-reviewed foreign or domestic publications recommended by the Committee on Scientific and Practical Research of the Ministry of Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan; One of the published articles must be published in the interdisciplinary (interdisciplinary or interdisciplinary practical application) category. - Data collection on the project topic; - Obtaining an author's certificate; - Preparation of at least one (1) PhD dissertation; - Dissemination of the work results among potential users and the scientific community. <i>Research Results:</i>

	1. An assessment of conceptual approaches to the history of prisoners of war in the historiography of various historical periods (Soviet, Kazakh, and foreign) was conducted; 2. New archival data on the history of prisoners of war were introduced into scholarly circulation; 3. The contribution of World War II prisoners of war to the economy of the Kazakh SSR was demonstrated using statistical archival data; 4. The number, composition, nationality, and prosopographical social image of World War II prisoners of war in the Kazakh SSR were determined; 5. Paths for implementing the adaptation and indoctrination processes of prisoners of war in the Kazakh SSR were identified; 6. Within the framework of the "anthropological turn" approach of modern historical science, the life of an individual as a prisoner, the perception of camp reality, changes in prisoners' behavior, the transformation of value systems, intercultural communication, and the reintegration of prisoners of war into post-war society are studied. 7. The activities of control and punitive organizations working with prisoners of war are studied, and their legality is assessed; 8. The political and legal regulation of the procedure for holding prisoners of war and forced imprisonment (internment) in the Kazakh SSR is determined; 9. The implementation of repressive and communicative practices in the Kazakh SSR is studied; 10. The organizational mechanisms and characteristics of sovereign Kazakhstan after 1991 regarding the repatriation of World War II prisoners of war are determined.
Research team members with their identifiers (Scopus Author ID, Researcher ID, ORCID, if available) and links to relevant profiles	1. Myrzabekova Ryskeldy Salamatovna, Candidate of Historical Sciences, Professor. Project Manager, Chief Researcher. Scopus author ID: 56277982600, Researcher ID - N-9619-2014, ORCID Id - https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8622-8927 2. Kokebaeva Gulzhauhar Kakenovna, Doctor of Historical Sciences, Professor. Chief Researcher. Scopus ID: 56225608900. Orcid ID - https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6638-4663 3. Zhakupova Gulnaziya Tolgaevna, Candidate of Historical Sciences, Associate Professor. Leading Researcher. Scopus ID: 55815662900. ORCID Id – https://orcid.org/55815662900 4. Makhmadinov Dauletkeldi Murzakhanovich, master. Leading Researcher. Scopus ID: 58415738900. ORCID Id – https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9738-161X 5. Kurbanbai Aliaidar Tazhibayuly, master. Junior Research Fellow. ORCID Id - https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8842-6177 6. Khodjabay Mukhtar Amantayuly, master. Junior Research Fellow. ORCID Id – https://orcid.org/0009-0009-5633-4927
Usage	The conclusions and practical and scientific results obtained during the project are significant for the history of modern Kazakhstan, world history, and the history of international relations. These results can be used in the writing of textbooks for higher education institutions and school textbooks, as well as in fundamental research papers. They can also be used to address the objectives of state programs and lay the foundation

	for scientific and cultural cooperation between Kazakhstan and other countries.
Priority compared to real-world alternatives	Using the example of Japanese, German and Italian prisoners of war who were held on the territory of the Kazakh SSR, the article studies everyday history: the perception of camp reality, the transformation of the value system, intercultural communication, the reintegration of prisoners of war into post-war society, the regional specifics of repressive and communicative practices on the territory of the Kazakh SSR, the influence of natural and mental characteristics on the activities of control and repressive bodies, the process of adaptation and indoctrination, as well as the prosopographical social image of prisoners of war.
List of publications with links to them	1. Мырзабекова Р.С., Жакупова Г.Т., Байхоразова З. Қазақ КСР территориясындағы мәжбүрлі еңбек жүйесі жапон соғыс тұтқындары мысалында (1946-1956). Asian Journal “Steppe Panorama” 2026. 13 (1). 196-210 бб. https://doi.org/10.51943/2710-3994_2026_13_1_195-210 https://ajspiie.com/index.php/history/article/view/1465/1299 2. Мырзабекова Р.С., Махмадинов Д.М. Кеңес лагерлеріндегі Екінші дүниежүзілік соғыстың неміс әскери тұтқындары: саяси астары және күнделікті шындық. ҚазҰУ Хабаршысы. Том № 1 (120). 2026. https://bulletin-history.kaznu.kz/index.php/1-history/issue/view/62
Patents	The copyright certificate is scheduled for 2027.